

# SDS

Samples Li-ion Rechargeable Battery (36V 5200mAh (230211) )

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Client Shenzhen Grenergy Technology Co., Ltd.

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Client Address Flat D, Baiheyindu, Baige Road, Buji, Longgang,  
Shenzhen

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No.: W11023038716D  
Code: t329pe

## Safety Data Sheet

### Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification

**Product Name:** Li-ion Rechargeable Battery,

**Battery Type:** 36V 5200mAh (230211) **Sample photo:**



Authenticate the photo on original report only

**Manufacturer:** Shenzhen Grenergy Technology Co., Ltd.

**Address:** Flat D, Baiheyindu, Baige Road, Buji, Longgang, Shenzhen

**Post Code:** 518112

**Tel:** 0755-89335286

**Fax:** 0755-89335210

**E-mail:** neil@grenergycn.com

### Section 2 – Composition/Information on Ingredient

Chemical Composition	Molecular Formula	CAS No.	Weight (%)
Lithium Manganese Nickel And Cobalt	$\text{LiNi}_x\text{Co}_y\text{Mn}_z\text{O}_2$	---	41.6
Iron	Fe	7439-89-6	15~25
Aluminum	Al	7429-90-5	1~5

Chemical Composition		Molecular Formula	CAS No.	Weight (%)
Graphite	Natural Graphite	C	7782-42-5	5~10
	Artificial Graphite	C	7740-44-0	5~10
Copper		Cu	7440-50-8	5~10
Organic Electrolyte		---	---	15~20
Other PVC		---	---	2~3

### Section 3 - Hazards Identification

#### Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic)

These chemicals are contained in a sealed can. Risk of exposure occurs only if the battery is mechanically or electrically abused. Contact of electrolyte and extruded lithium with skin and eyes should be avoided.

#### Sign/Symptoms of Exposure

A shorted lithium battery can cause thermal and chemical burns upon contact with the skin.

### Section 4 - First Aid Measures

#### Eyes

Flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical aid.

#### Skin

Remove contaminated clothes and rinse skin with plenty of water or shower for 15 minutes. Get medical aid.

#### Inhalation

Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. Use oxygen if available.

#### Ingestion

Give at least 2 glasses of milk or water. Induce vomiting unless patient is unconscious. Call a physician.

### Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

**Flash Point:** N/A.

**Auto-Ignition Temperature:** N/A.

**Extinguishing Media**

Dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>.

**Special Fire-Fighting Procedures**

Self-contained breathing apparatus.

**Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**

Cell may vent when subjected to excessive heat-exposing battery contents.

**Hazardous Combustion Products**

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, lithium oxide fumes.

## Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

**Steps to be Taken in case Material is Released or Spilled**

If the battery material is released, remove personnel from area until fumes dissipate. Provide maximum ventilation to clear out hazardous gases. Wipe it up with a cloth, and dispose of it in a plastic bag and put into a steel can. The preferred response is to leave the area and allow the batteries to cool and vapors to dissipate. Provide maximum ventilation. Avoid skin and eye contact or inhalation of vapors. Remove spilled liquid with absorbent and incinerate.

**Waste Disposal Method**

It is recommended to discharge the battery to the end, handing in the abandoned batteries to related department unified, dispose of the batteries in accordance with approved local, state, and federal requirements. Consult state environmental protection agency and/or federal EPA.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

The batteries should not be opened, destroyed or incinerate, since they may leak or rupture and release to the environment the ingredients that they contain in the hermetically sealed container. Do not short circuit terminals, or over charge the battery, forced over-discharge, throw to fire. Do not crush or puncture the battery, or immerse in liquids.

**Precautions to be taken in handling and storing**

Avoid mechanical or electrical abuse. Storage preferably in cool, dry and ventilated area, which is subject to little temperature change. Storage at high temperatures should be avoided. Do not place the battery near heating equipment, nor expose to direct sunlight for long periods.

### Other Precautions

Batteries may explode or cause burns, if disassembled, crushed or exposed to fire or high temperatures. Do not short or install with incorrect polarity.

## Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

### Respiratory Protection

In case of battery venting, provide as much ventilation as possible. Avoid confined areas with venting batteries. Respiratory Protection is not necessary under conditions of normal use.

### Ventilation

Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

### Protective Gloves

Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

### Other Protective Clothing or Equipment

Not necessary under conditions of normal use.

Personal Protection is recommended for venting batteries: Respiratory Protection, Protective Gloves, Protective Clothing and safety glass with side shields.

## Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

**Nominal Voltage:** 36V.

**Rated Capacity:** 5200mAh.

**Electric Energy:** 187Wh.

**Appearance Characters:** Black, quadrate, with odorless solid battery. **Chemical Uses:** Vacuum cleaner.

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### Stability

Stable.

### Conditions to Avoid

Heating, mechanical abuse and electrical abuse.

### Hazardous Decomposition Products

N/A.

### **Hazardous Polymerization**

N/A.

If leaked, forbidden to contact with strong oxidizers, mineral acids, strong alkalis, halogenated hydrocarbons.

## **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

Inhalation, skin contact and eye contact are possible when the battery is opened. Exposure to internal contents, the corrosive fumes will be very irritating to skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Overexposure can cause symptoms of non-fibroid lung injury and membrane irritation.

## **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

When promptly used or disposed the battery does not present environmental hazard. When disposed, keep away from water, rain and snow.

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

### **APPROPRIATE METHOD OF DISPOSAL OF SUBSTANCE OR PREPARATION**

If batteries are still fully charged or only partially discharged, they can be considered a reactive hazardous waste because of significant amount of not creation, or unconsumed lithium remaining in the spent battery. The batteries must be neutralized through an approved secondary treatment facility prior to disposal as a hazardous waste. Recycling of battery can be done in authorized facility, through licensed waste carrier.

## **Section 14 - Transport Information**

The Li-ion Rechargeable Battery (36V 5200mAh (230211)) has passed the test UN38.3, according to the report ID: W11023038321D~1.

**IATA Proper Shipping Name:** Lithium Ion Batteries

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN No.:** UN3480

**Packaging group:** II

Watt-hour exceeds the standard, so it belongs to dangerous goods. Be shipped by Passenger and Cargo Aircraft.

The goods are packaged according to the packaging instruction 965 section I of DGR 53<sup>rd</sup>.

**IMDG Proper Shipping Name:** Lithium Ion Batteries

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN No.:** UN3480

**Packaging group:** II

Watt-hour exceeds the standard, so it belongs to dangerous goods.

The goods are packaged according to the packaging instruction P903.

**Land Proper Shipping Name:** Lithium Ion Batteries

**Hazard Class:** 9

**UN No.:** UN3480

Watt-hour exceeds the standard, so it belongs to dangerous goods.

The goods are packaged according to the Recommendations On The Transport Of Dangerous Goods-Model Regulations.

More information concerning shipping, testing, marking and packaging can be obtained from Label master at <http://www.labelmaster.com>.

Separate Lithium-ion batteries when shipping to prevent short-circuiting. They should be packed in strong packaging for support during transport. Take in a cargo of them without falling, dropping, and breakage. Prevent collapse of cargo piles and wet by rain.

**Transport Fashion:** By air, by sea, by railway, by road.

**Packaging Information:** 4G Fibreboard Carton.

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

### Law Information

《Dangerous Goods Regulation》

《Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations》

《International Maritime Dangerous Goods》

《Technical Instructions for the Safe Transport of Dangerous Goods》

《Classification and code of dangerous goods》

《Occupational Safety and Health Act》 (OSHA)

《Toxic Substances Control Act》 (TSCA)

《Consumer Product Safety Act》 (CPSA)  
《Federal Environmental Pollution Control Act》 (FEPCA)  
《The Oil Pollution Act》 (OPA)  
《Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act Title III (302/311/312/313)》 (SARA)  
《Resource Conservation and Recovery Act》 (RCRA)  
《Safety Drinking Water Act》 (CWA)  
《California Proposition 65》  
《Code of Federal Regulations》 (CFR)

In accordance with all Federal, State and Local laws.

### Section 16 - Additional Information

The above information is based on the data of which we are aware and is believed to be correct as of the data hereof. Since this information may be applied under conditions beyond our control and with which may be unfamiliar and since data made available subsequent to the data hereof may suggest modifications of the information, we do not assume any responsibility for the results of its use. This information is furnished upon condition that the person receiving it shall make his own determination of the suitability of the material for his particular purpose.

Prepared by: *Yang Jinghua* Checked by: *Wangzhimin* Approved by: *Liyou*

Emergency Phone Number (24 hours)

CHEMTREC (800-424-9300)"